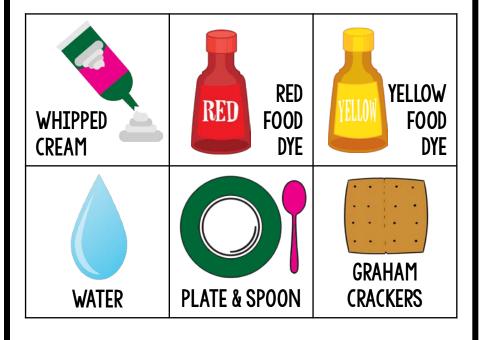
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Farth Science: Plate Tectonics

WHAT YOU NEED



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Farth Science: Plate Tectonics



Place a nice dollop of whipped cream on the plate.

Add a couple of drops of red and yellow food coloring to the whipped cream and swirl it around. This whipped cream represents the Farth's mantle.

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PLATE TECTONICS SCIENCE ACTIVITY

Name:	Date:

The earth might seem like a big solid rock, especially from the surface. However, the solid earth you're standing on is actually in motion. Ever so slightly, that surface is moving several inches a year. The theory behind this movement is known as plate tectonics.

Plate tectonics is based on two things: structure and motion. The earth is made up of many unique layers. At the top is the crust. Beneath the crust is the mantle. The upper part of the mantle, where the crust and the mantle meet, is called the lithosphere. The lithosphere (and the crust atop it) is not made up of a single unbroken layer. It's made of many different plates. Some plates are large and contain entire continents. These seven major plates – the African, Antarctic, Eurasian, North American, South American, India-Australian, and Pacific Plates – cover most of the earth's surface. There are many smaller plates, as well.

The middle layer of the mantle is where the motion comes in. Beneath the lithosphere is the asthenosphere. This layer is hot and semi-liquid. Its heat pushes to the surface and causes motion and sometimes even releases between the plates. Because the asthenosphere is partially liquid, the layer above it can slide across it. If the asthenosphere was totally liquid, the plates might be zipping about like crazy. The thick composition of the asthenosphere means that motion is possible but happens very, very slowly.

Of course, collisions do happen. Even though they happen slowly, they happen with tremendous force. This force is because of the power of the earth and the massive size of the plates that are moving. These factors also mean that there's a major effect when plates pull apart. These kinds of tectonic motion and their effects – including mountain ranges and earthquakes – are what you'll be exploring in the following activity.

PLATE TECTONICS SCIENCE ACTIVITY

Name:	Date:
What two things affect plate tectonics?	
2. Explain how the asthenosphemovement of tectonic plates.	ere affects the
3. Because there are plates that moving on the earth, what are movement?	_

