
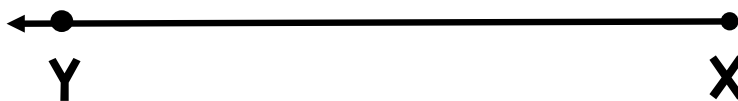


# Drawing Angles


Ray  $XY$  is already drawn. Draw ray  $Z$  so that a  $45^\circ$  angle is formed.

First Line up your protractor so that Ray  $XY$  is on the zero edge and Point  $X$  is at the \_\_\_\_\_.

Next Draw point  $Z$  at  $45^\circ$ . Lift up your protractor and use the straight edge to \_\_\_\_\_.



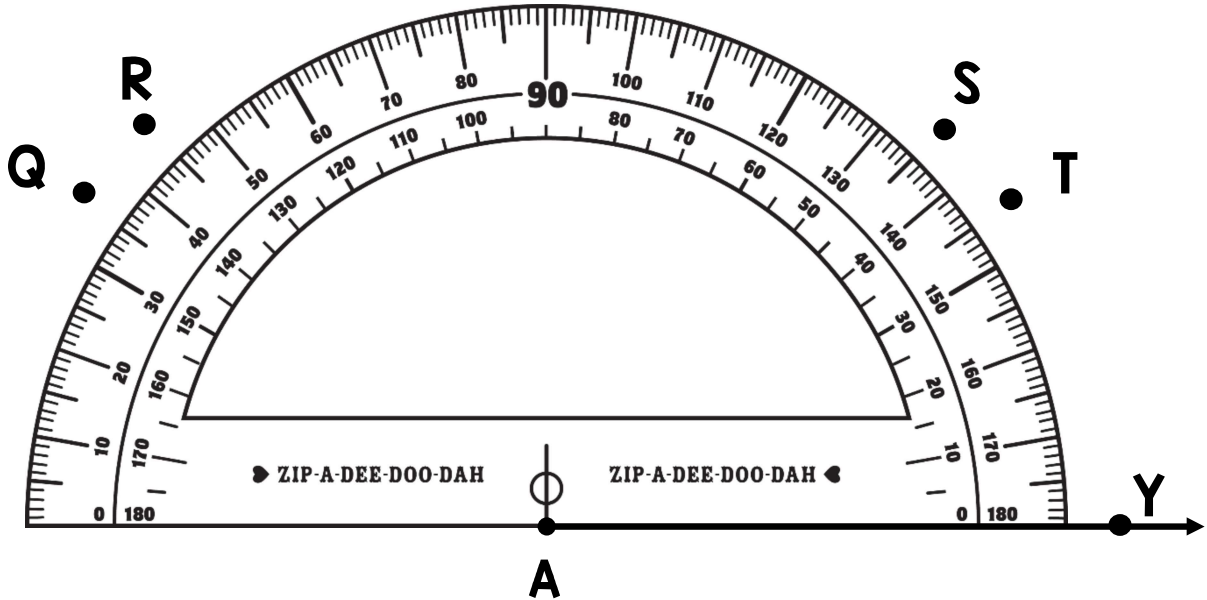
Use the ray to draw a  $105^\circ$  angle.



Use the ray to draw a  $26^\circ$  angle.

# Drawing More Angles

Ray  $AY$  is already drawn. Which point should you draw another ray through to make a  $35^\circ$  angle?



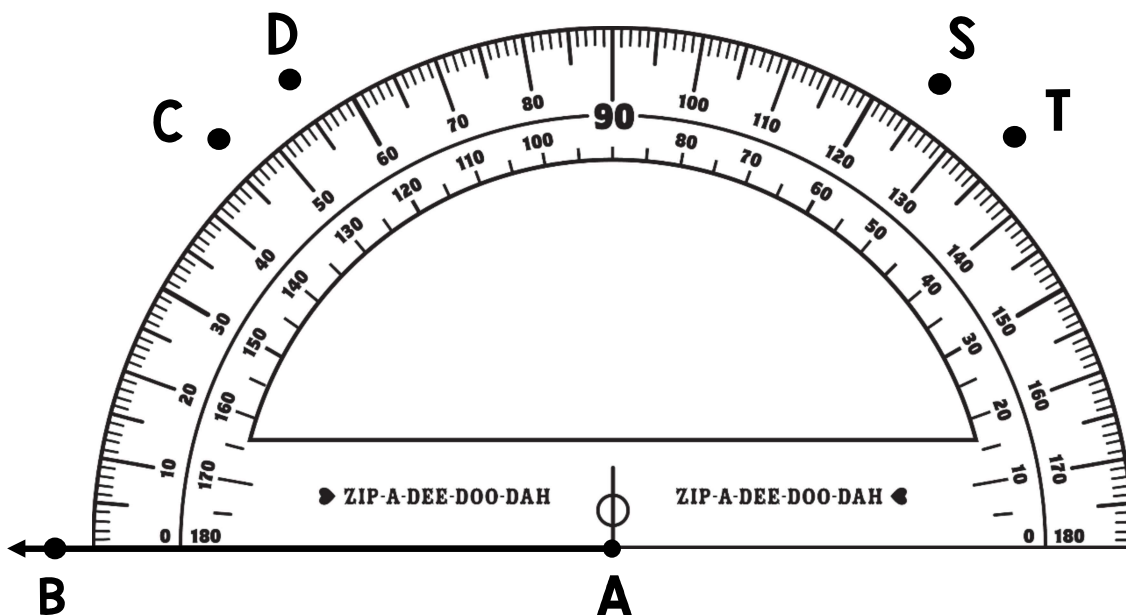
$$\angle QAY =$$

$$\angle RAY =$$

$$\angle SAY =$$

$$\angle TAY =$$

Ray  $AB$  is already drawn. Which point should you draw another ray through to make a  $55^\circ$  angle?



$$\angle BAC =$$

$$\angle BAD =$$

$$\angle BAS =$$

$$\angle BAT =$$

# Drawing Tricky Angles

Jump by \_\_\_\_\_ and then \_\_\_\_\_ to each point from the ray that is already drawn. Determine the value of each possible angle.

Ray  $AB$  is already drawn.

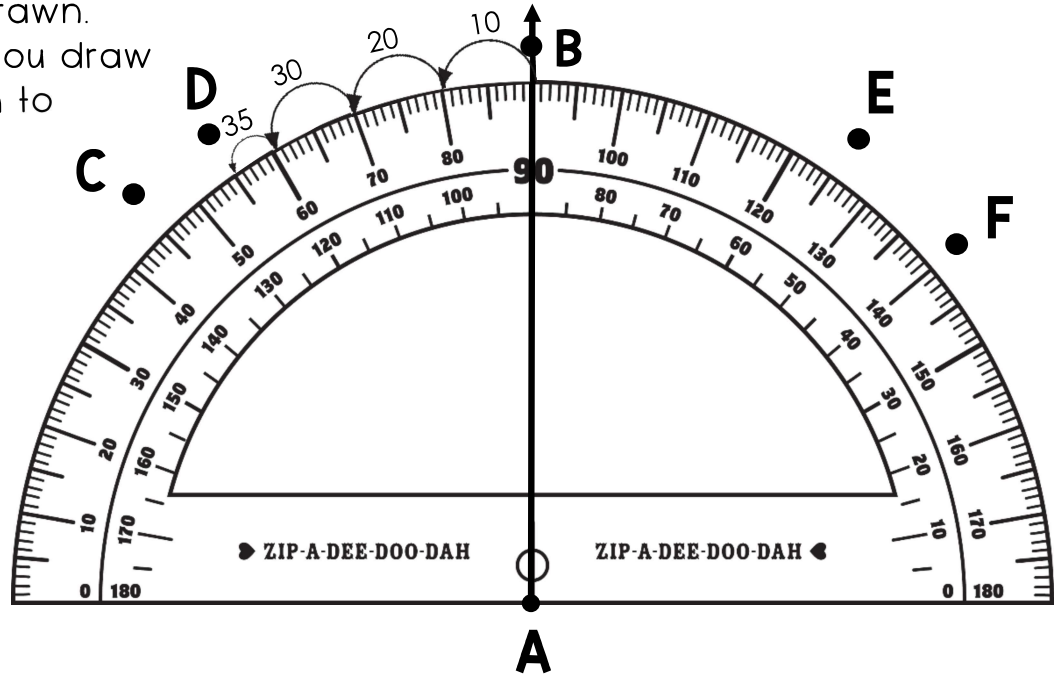
Which point should you draw another ray through to make a  $45^\circ$  angle using ray  $AB$ ?

$$\angle CAB =$$

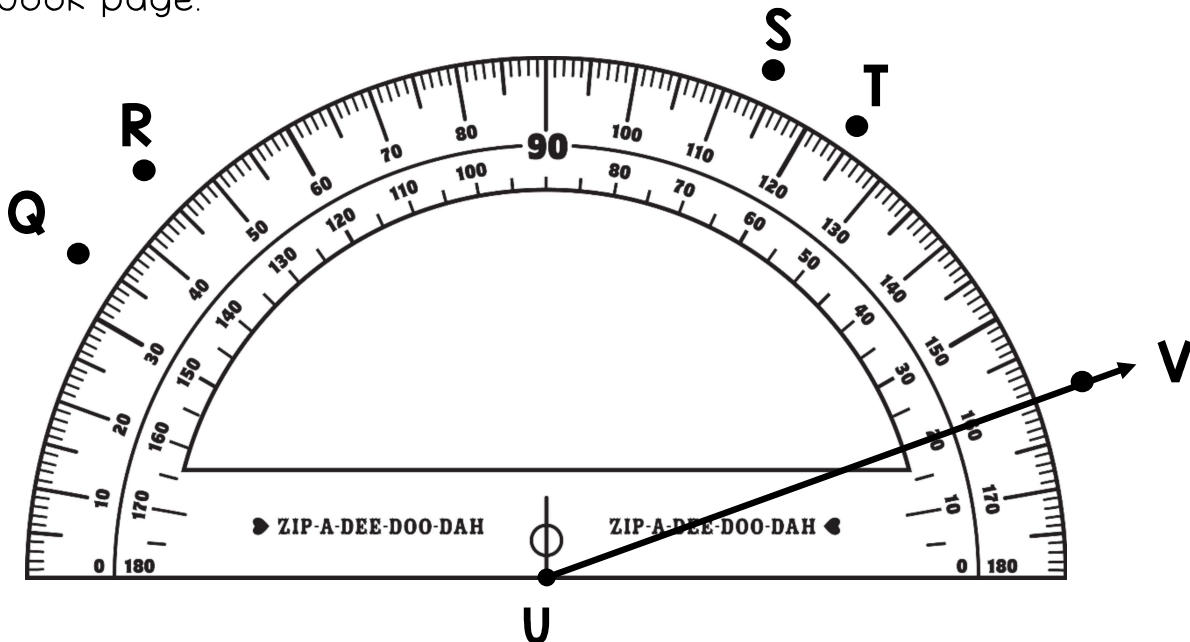
$$\angle DAB =$$

$$\angle EAB =$$

$$\angle FAB =$$



You can also use the strategy you learned on *the Measuring Tricky Angles* notebook page.



Ray  $UV$  is already drawn. Which point should you draw another ray through to make a  $125^\circ$  angle using ray  $UV$ ?

$$\angle QUV =$$

$$\angle RUV =$$

$$\angle SUV =$$

$$\angle TUV =$$