

The History of Sociology

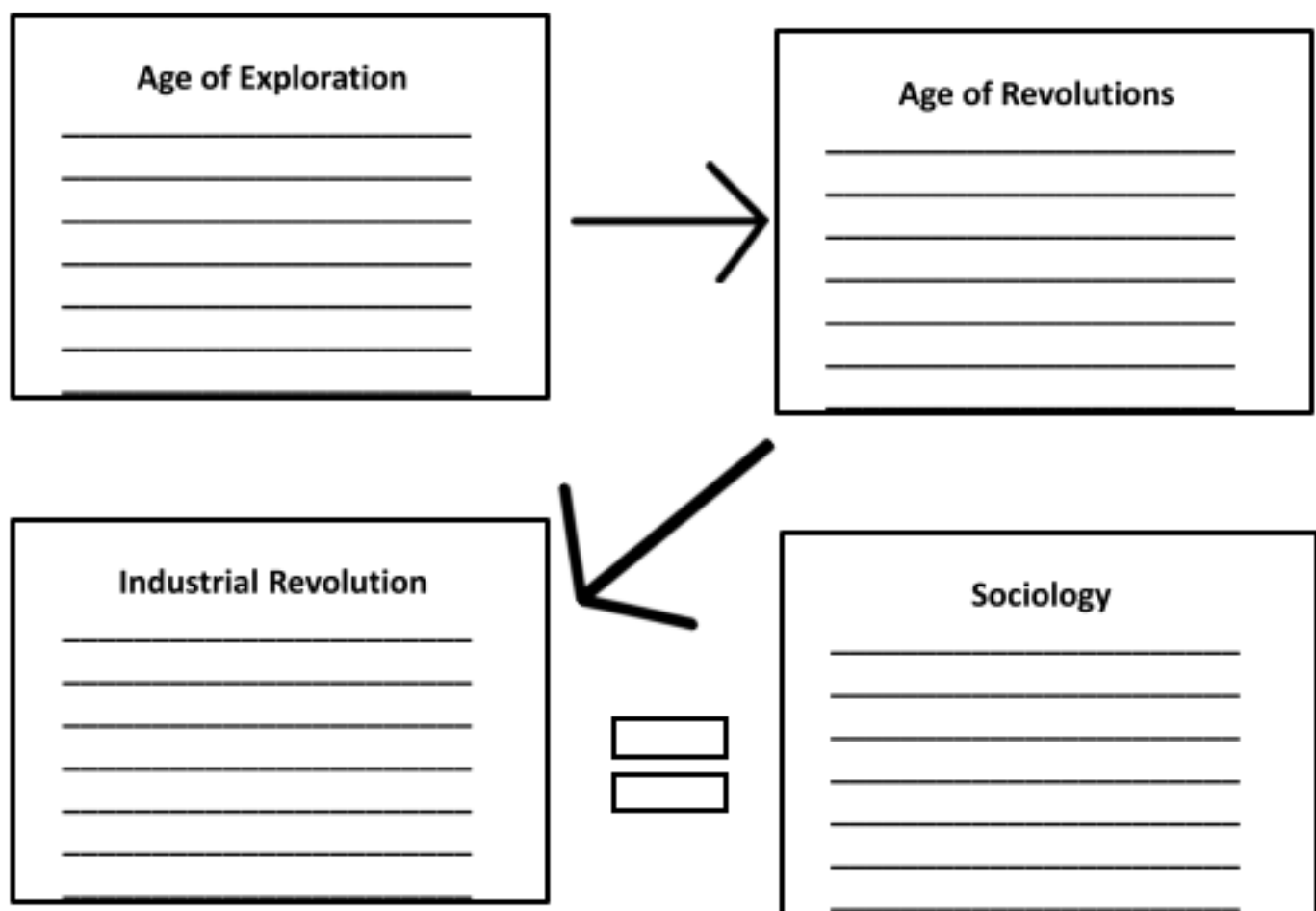
Needlepoint Analogy:

Describe the needlepoint from a distance. What do you see?

Describe the needlepoint close up. What do you see?

How is a needlepoint like sociology?

Explain how each of these events led to the birth of sociology.



Auguste Comte



- 1830, founded _____
- "_____ of Sociology"
- 1890s—1st _____ courses taught

- Positivism _____
- Altruism _____

The Social Sciences

Watch the film clip, and explain the purpose of each social science.

1. Anthropology:

2. Geography:

3. Sociology:

4. Political Science:

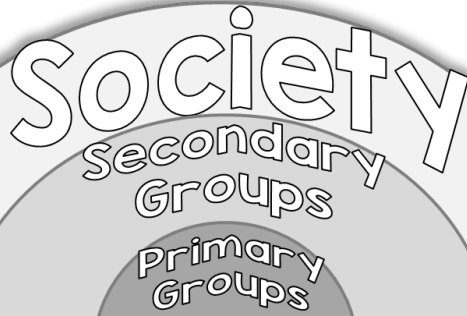
5. Psychology:

SOCIAL ORGANIZATION



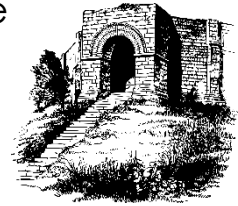
Types of Societies

Introduction to Groups



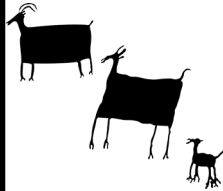
Society

- American Sociologist Gerhard _____ came up with four types of _____
- Believed they were all driven by _____ change
- We have seen the _____ of two more _____



Hunter/ Gatherer

- Most _____ (few possessions)
- Based around finding _____
- _____

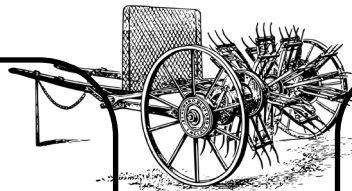


Horticultural/ Pastoral

- Horticultural=grow plants, _____
- Pastoral=raise livestock, _____
- Property accumulation leads to _____ and _____

Agricultural

- Enabled by the _____
- _____ developed
- Vast property accumulation leads to greater _____



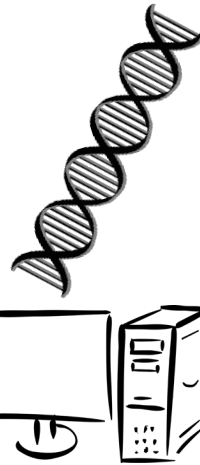
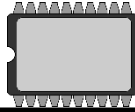
Industrial

- Enabled by the _____
- Consumer goods produced in _____
- _____
- Increased standard of living leads to decreased _____



Post Industrial

- Enabled by the _____
- Information and services are the new _____



Biotech/ Bioeconomic

- Enabled by _____ decoding
- Genetic applications are a _____

Emile Durkheim

- Basis of early societies is _____
- Later societies, more _____
- More _____
to fulfill needs
- Increased _____

Organic vs. Mechanical Solidarity

Mechanical Solidarity = _____

Share strong _____ and values

Organic Solidarity = _____

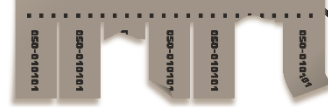
Based on specialization and _____

Jobs!
For students

Ferdinand Tonnies

- Gemeinschaft=bonds based on _____
- _____ more important than the _____
- People _____
each other's roles

- Gesellschaft=bonds based on _____
- _____ more important than _____
- People _____ on each other's roles

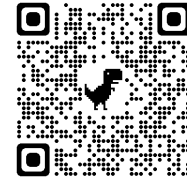


Lenski's Five Types of Societies

Directions: Click on the link, watch the film, and complete the chart.



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dT4NbjXtPyE>



Who is Gerhard Lenski?



	Describe It:	Gender and Economic Equality Status:
Hunter/ Gatherer		
Horticultural/ Pastoral		
Agricultural		
Industrial		
Post- Industrial		

Types of Societies

Match each society to its characteristics.

Societies

Hunter/Gatherer

Horticultural/Pastoral

Agricultural

Industrial

Post-Industrial

Biotech

Characteristics

Enabled by the microchip

Feuds and wars began

Enabled by decoding of DNA

Enabled by the steam engine

Most egalitarian (equal rights)

Enabled by the plow

Explain which society you feel is the best. Why?
